

Topics I Will Cover

- What are the key technical and operational interconnection issues?
- What are the electrical and power quality impacts of wind turbines
- Examples of distributed wind generation interconnections and the key issues involved.



Single 900 kW Wind Turbine Connected to Distribution Line Near Waverly, Iowa

Key Technical Issues

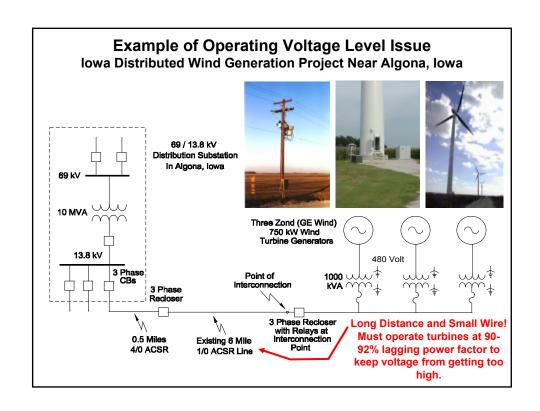
- Power Quality when connecting to the distribution system
 - Voltage levels during operation
 - Voltage flicker during turbine start up and two-speed generator switching
- Operation of substation and line voltage regulators
- Protecting the distribution grid and wind turbine during grid disturbances.

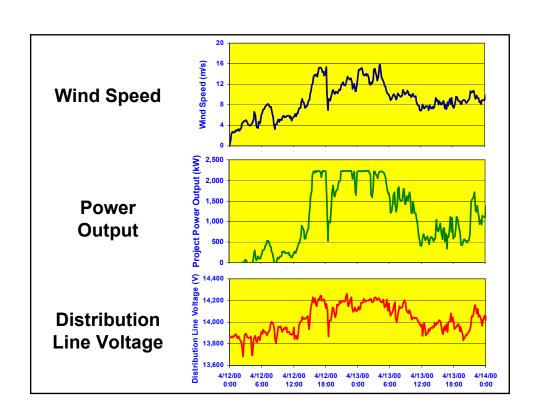


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Voltage Levels During Operation

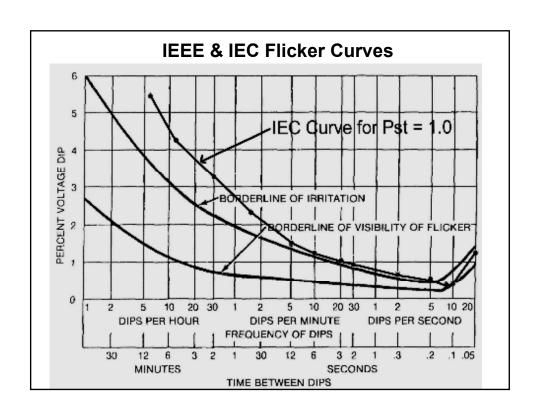
- Voltage levels can rise rise at the point of interconnection
 - Most pronounced during full generation and light load periods
- For distribution connected wind turbines, voltage levels can exceed design standards out near the wind turbine point of interconnection
 - Especially if the substation bus voltage levels are already near the design limit and during low feeder load periods

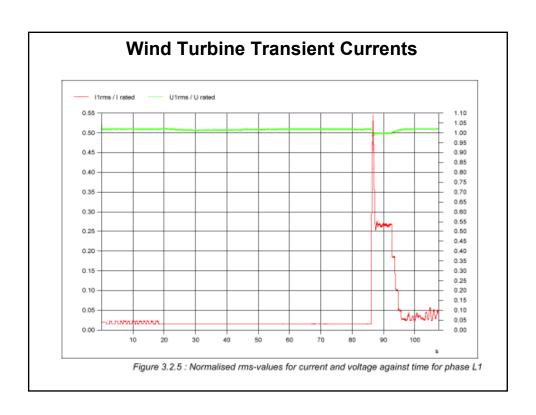


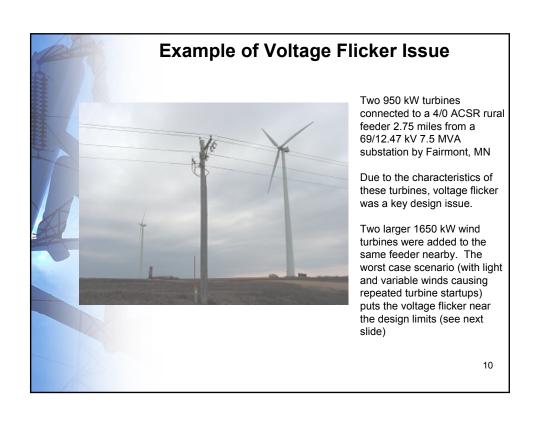


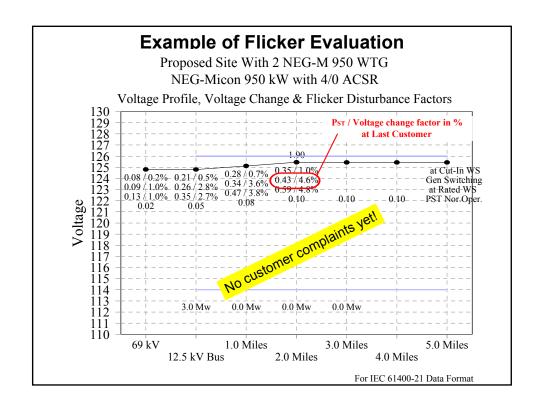


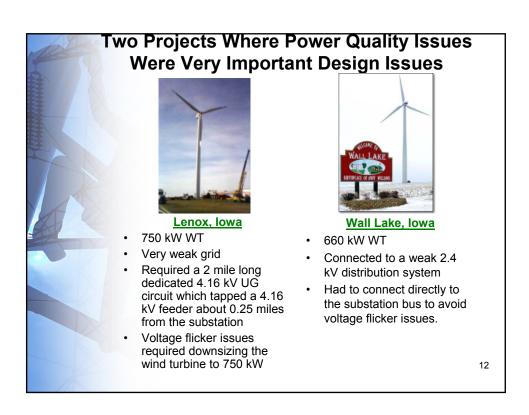
- During generator startup and generator switching, there will be inrush currents which will cause line voltages to dip or flicker
- Voltage flicker may or may not be noticeable or objectionable
 - Depends upon magnitude and how often it occurs
 - Magnitude of flicker depends upon the stiffness of the line
 - Voltage level (4.16 kV, 12.5 kV, etc.)
 - · Distance from substation
 - · Size of substation transformer
 - Wind turbine electrical design
 - See IEEE Flicker Curve.











Summary

- For wind projects connected to the distribution system
 - Operating voltage levels and voltage flicker are two factors that will determine where turbines can be placed on the distribution system
- For wind projects connected to the transmission system:
 - Voltage flicker is not an issue
 - Operating voltage levels can occasionally be an issue